

FALAKATA COLLEGE

B.A. Test Examination 2018-19

Subject - Philosophy (Hons.)

Part II, Paper - III+IV

Full Marks - 100

Time - 4 hrs.

Group-A

Section-I

1. Answer any one of the following : 20x1=20
- a) Explain the doctrine of Ideas or Forms as formulated by Plato. How does Aristotle criticise Plato. How does Aristotle criticise Plato's doctrine of Ideas ? Do you think that Aristotle's criticism is justified ? 10+6+4=20
- b) State and explain the ontological argument for the existence of God as formulated by Descartes. State in this connection the Kantian criticism of this argument. 14+6=20
- c) Explain Locke's definition of knowledge. Discuss the different forms of knowledge recognized by Locke. Do you consider Locke's view on knowledge consistent with his empiricism ?

Section-II

2. Answer any two of the following : 10x2=20
- a) Explain briefly Aristotle's doctrine of four-fold causes. 10
- b) How does Kant make a distinction between 'Phenomena' and 'noumena' ? Is this distinction tenable ? 8+2=10
- c) How does Leibniz make a distinction between 'truths of fact' and 'truths of reason' ? 10
- d) How does Berkeley refute Locke's distinction between Primary and Secondary qualities ? 10

Section-III

3. Answer any five of the following : 2x5=10
- a) 'Man is the measure of all things' - who said this and why ?
- b) What are innate ideas ?

- c) What does Plato mean world soul ?
- d) What do you mean by Subjective idealism ?
- e) What is the difference between analytic and synthetic propositions ?
- f) What is monism ? Was spinoza a monist ?
- g) What is the criterion of truth according to Descartes ?

Group-B
Section-I

4. Answer any one of the following : 20x1=20
- a.i) What is CNF ? Transform the following statement into CNF. 1+4=5
 $[(p \supset q), \sim q] \supset p$
 - ii) What is DNP ? Transform the following statement into DNF :
 $(p \supset q), (p, \sim q)$
 - iii) Transform the following into sheffer's stroke function :
5+5
a) $(A, \sim B) \supset C$
b) $(p, \sim q) \supset (q, \sim p)$
 - b) What is explanation ? Distinguish between scientific and unscientific explanation. 6+14=20
 - c) Explain and examine the main anthropological theories of the origin of religion. 20

Section-II

5. Answer any two of the following : 10x2=20
- a) Test the validity or invalidity of the following arguments with the help of truth tree method : 5+5=10
i) $B \Rightarrow (A \Rightarrow B)$
 $\therefore A \Rightarrow (B \Rightarrow C)$
 - ii) $A \Rightarrow (B \vee C)$
 $B \Rightarrow C$
 $\therefore A \Rightarrow C$
 - b) Prove the validity or the invalidity of the following by applying the method of reductio ad absurdum : 5+5=10

- i) $T \supset U$
 $T \supset V$
 T, V
 $\sim (T \vee U) / \therefore U$
- ii) $(N \vee O) \supset P$
 $(P \vee Q) \supset R$
 $Q \vee N$
 $\sim Q / \therefore R$
- c) Explain the concept of Totemism as the simplest and most primitive form of religion. 10
- d) Explain the concept of religion with reference to Marx and Bible. 10

Section-III

6. Answer any five of the following : 2x5=10
- a) What is decision procedure ?
 - b) What do you mean by inductive generalization ?
 - c) What is meant by hypothesis ?
 - d) What are the qualitative marks of a cause ?
 - e) What is monotheism ?
 - f) Distinguish between two kind of love Eros and Agape.
 - g) What is Mana ?
 - h) What are the five pillars of Islam ?

FALAKATA COLLEGE
B.A.-Part-III Test Examination 2018
Subject - Philosophy (Hons.)
Paper - V+VI

Full Marks - 100

Time - 4 hrs.

Section-A

1. Answer any one of the following : 20x1=20
 - a) Explain the definition of Vyapati as given in the Dipika. Answer with reference to the role of Bhuyadarsana, Tarka and Samanyalaksana pratyksa in the apprehension of Vyapti. 5+15=20
 - b) What is meant by anuvyavasaya ? Is the validity of cognition known by its anuvyavasaya ? Discuss following the view of Annambhatta. 5+15=20
 - c) State the definition of Pratyaksa as given in Tarkasamgraha. What is meant by nirvikalpaka jnana ? Distinguish between Savikalpaka and nirvikalpaka jnana ? 4+5+5+6=20
2. Answer any two of the following question : 10x2=20
 - a) What is Laksana ? Explain its forms. 2+8=10
 - b) What is the definition of Smrti given Tarkasamgraha ? Why the following term have been inserted in the definition of smrti ? Jnanam, Samskarajanyam and matra. 2+8=10
 - c) Point out the fallacies committed in the following arguments with brief justifications : 2 1/2 x 4 = 10
 1. An apple is sweet, for it has appleness in it.
 2. Sugar is saline, because it is a product.
 3. Vahnih anusnah dravyatvat jalavat.
 3. Manimaya parvatah vahniman dhumat.
 - d) Explain following annambhatta, the rejection of arthapatti as a means of valid cognition. 10
3. Answer any five of the following question : 2x5=10
 - a) What is meant by Vyavasaya ?
 - b) When does a definition commit the fallacy of avyapti ?
 - c) What is the meaning of Pratiyogi ?
 - d) What is meant by Vyavasaya ?
 - e) What is meant by linga ?
 - f) "Ghatabhavavad bhutalam" - Mention the 'visesya' and 'visesana' in the above case.

Section-B

1. Answer any one of the following question : 20x1=20

a) Explain Plato's theory of Universal. Discuss critically his 'Archetype' and participation view' regarding the relation between Universal and particulars. 8+12=20

b) What is meant by definition ? How would you distinguish between defining and accompanying characteristics ? Give examples. Distinguish between universally accompanying and accidentally accompanying characteristics. Do you admit that to define X implies the existence of X ? Answer following Hospers.

2+4+10+4=20

c) What are the main tenets of representative realism ? Why is it termed as 'representative' ? What are the points of issue between 'Naive Realism' and 'Representative Realism' ? 8+4+8=20

2. Answer any two of the following questions : 10x2=20

a) Write a short note on Ostensive definition and persuasive definition.

b) Explain psycho-physical parallelism as a theory of mind-body relation.

c) What is Ambiguity of words ? Answer following Hospers.

d) Explain the epistemological problem to acquire the knowledge of other mind.

3. Answer the five of the following questions : 2x5=10

a) What is phenomenalism ?

b) Is Berkeley a solipsist philosopher ?

c) What is the principle of Verification ?

d) Do you agree that mind is nothing but an epiphenomenon of the body ?

e) Distinguish between sensation and sense-data.

f) What is the definition of denotation ?

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B.A.-Part-III Test Examination 2018
Subject - Philosophy (Hons.)
Paper - VII+VIII

Full Marks - 100

Time - 4 hrs.

Section-A

1. Answer any one of the following question : 1x20=20
 - a) What is Social Group ? What are the difference between primary and secondary group ? Why is family called a primary group ? Discuss. 4+10+6=20
 - b) What is meant by environmental ethics ? Explain its necessity in modern times. 6+14=20
 - c) What is meant by suicide ? What are its causes ? State your arguments for and against of suicide. Is suicide morally accepted or not ? 4+4+8+4=20
2. Answer any two of the following question : 10x2=20
 - a) Explain the nature of practical ethics. 10
 - b) Explain the contribution of Mary Wollstonecraft in the history of Feminism. 10
 - c) Is there any destination between active and passive euthanasia ? Answer following Peter Singer. 10
 - d) Explain the nature of good life according to Frankena.
3. Answer any five of the following questions. 2x5=10
 - a) What is Human Rights ?
 - b) What racial discrimination ?
 - c) What is business ethics ?
 - d) What is social philosophy ?
 - e) What are the causes of divorce ?
 - f) What do you mean by medical ethics ?
 - g) What is meant by greenhouse effect ?
 - h) How many factors are involved in community sentiment ?

Section-B

1. Answer any one of the following : 20x1=20
 - a) What is behaviourism ? Distinguish between methodical behaviourism and metaphysical behaviourism. Briefly state the difficulties of behaviourism as a third person account of consciousness. 4+4+12=20
 - b) How does the identity theory attempt to explain the nature of the subject of consciousness ? Explain its merits and demerits. 12+8=20

- c) What is the purpose of Private Ostensive definition ? How does Wittgenstein criticise this view ? Discuss. $10+10=20$
2. Answer any two of the following questions : $10 \times 2 = 20$
- a) Write a note on Strawson's person theory of consciousness.
 - b) Explain, according to Spinoza, the double aspect theory of mind.
 - c) Write a short note on dualism.
 - d) Explain, after sheffer, the contextual account of actions.
3. Answer any five of the following with brief justification wherever necessary : $2 \times 5 = 10$
- a) What is philosophy of mind ?
 - b) What is the thesis of intentionality ?
 - c) What is panpsychism ?
 - d) Is soul identical with mind ? Give Reasons.
 - e) What is Occasionalism ?
 - f) Who presented 'beetle in the box' objection and where ?
 - g) What is mental telepathy ?
 - h) What is cartesian dualism ?