FALAKATA COLLEGE

Test Examination - 2017-18   Time : 4 Hrs.

Class : BA (I+II)   Subject : Philosophy (Hons)   Full Marks : 100

Paper : I + II   Part - I

Group - A
Outline of Indian Philosophy

1. Answer any one of the following :   (12+8=20)
   a) Give a critical exposition of Jaina Syadvada. How is it related with Saptabhanginaya ? Explain.
   b) Explain after carvakas, the reasons for accepting perecption as the only valid source of knowledge. "Inferince is accidentally real". Explain this remark according to carvarkas.   8+12=20
   c) Explain the Advaita concept of Maya. How does Ramanuja refute Sanikara's doctrine of Maya ?   10+10=20

2. Answer any two of the following :
   a) Explain the concept of Bharacakra following Buddhism.   10
   b) Distinguish between savikalpaka and Nirvikalpaka pratyaksa ?   10
   c) Explain the vaisesika category of samavaya ?   10
   d) What is called yoga ? Explain its different Angas.   10

3. Answer any five of the following :   2x5=10
   a) What is to be understood by the term Astika in Indian philosophy ?
   b) What is called Samsarga bhava ?
   c) What is called Kevalajnana according to the jainas ?
   d) Mention different types of karma according to vaisesikas ?
   e) What is called paramarsa ?
   f) What is sunya according to Buddhism ?
   g) Point out the Sadhya, paksa and Hetu in the following inference : Parvata Vahniman Dhumat

Group - B
Ethics and Logic

4. Answer any one of the following :
   a) What is ethics ? Indicate its scope and utility. Can ethics be described as a practical science ? Discuss.   2+6+6+6=20
   b) Construct the formal proof of validity of the following :
   i) $(x)(Cx \supset Vx)$ 5x4=20
        $(\exists x)(Hx . Cx) / . : (\exists x)(Hx . Vx)$

ii) $(H \lor W) \supset (B \cdot M)$
   $M \supset P$
   $\sim P /\therefore \sim H$

iii) If the litmus paper turns red, then the solution is acid. Hence if the litmus paper turns red, then either the solution is acid or something is wrong some where. (R, A, W).

iv) Acids and bases are chemicals. Vinegar is an acid. Therefore, vinegar is a chemical. (Ax, Bx, Cx, Vx)

c) What is an analogical argument ? What are the different criteria for the appraisal of analogical argument ? Explain with examples.   5+15=20

5. Answer any two of the following :

a) Explain Kant's doctrine of "Duty for duty's Sake".   10

b) Explain the freedom of will as a postulate of morality.   10

c) Use truth table to determine the nature of the following statements or statement forms a tautologous, Self-contradictory or contingent :   5+5=10

   i) $p \supset (\sim p \supset p)$

   ii) $[(p \equiv q) \equiv (p \supset q)] \supset r$

d) Determine the validity of invalidity of the following arguments with the help of Venn diagrams :   5+5=10

   i) AOO — 1st Figure

   ii) All Artists are individualists, some artists are feminist, therefore some feminists are individualists.

6. Answer any five of the following :   2x5=10

   a) What is utilitarianism ?

   b) Distinguish between moral and non-moral actions.

   c) What do you near by egoistic hedonism ?

   d) What is truth Function ?

   e) What do you mean by conversion by limitation ?

   f) Distinguish between mood and figure of a syllogism ?

   g) Distinguish between inclusive and exclusive sense of 'or' ?

Group - A
Section I

1. Answer any one of the following :   20x1=20

   a) Explain Aristotle's doctrine of form and matter. Dals the distinction between actual and potential follow from the distinction between form and matter ?

   b) How does Berkeley establish the proposition esse est percipi ? Does it lead to solipsism ? Discuss.

   c) Explain, After kant, the distinction between analytic and synthetic judgements, cuhat does he mean by "synthetic a priori judgement" ?

Section - II

2. Answer any two of the following :   10x2=20

   a) What does descartes mean by an 'idea' ? Discuss Descartes' classification of ideas.

   b) "Substance is the substratum of qualities" - Explain after Locke.

   c) Explain spinoza's concept of 'intellectual love of God.'

   d) How does Plato distinguish between opinion and knowledge ? Discuss.

Section -III

3. Answer any Five of the following :   2x5=10

   a) How many causes are recognised by Aristotle and what are they ?

   b) "God = Substance = Nature" - Who makes this equation and why ?

   c) What, according to Aristotle, is the highest good ?

   d) What does Spinoza mean by modes ?

   e) How many Substance are recognised by Descartes ?

   f) Who brings the Copernican revolution in Philosophy ?

   g) What is knowledge according to Kant ?

   h) What is Scientific realism ?

   i) "All ideas are innate" - who says this and why ?

   j) Why is Descartes regarded as dualist ?

Group - B
Section - I

4. Answer any one of the following :
   a) What is hypothesis ? What are the criteria ? used in judging the worth of hypothesis ? 4+16
   b) i) What is the advantage of Sheffer's Stroke ? Function ? transform the following statement in to Sheffer's Stroke function : 2+4+4
      i) $(P.\sim Q) \supset R$
      ii) $A \supset (AvB)$
   ii) Explain the difference between CNF and DNF. Transform the following statement into both CNF and DNF : 2+4+4
      $[(P \supset q).9] \supset P$
   c) State and examine the cosmological argument for the existence of god.

Section - II

5. Answer any tow of the following : 10x2=20
   a) Prove the validity of the following by applying the method of reduction ad absurdum :
      i) $A \equiv B$
         $\sim(C.B)$
         $A/\therefore \sim C$
      ii) $D \supset (Z \supset Y)$
          $Z \supset (Y \sim Z)/\therefore \sim D v \sim Z$
   b) Test the validity or the Invalidity of the following argument with help of tree method :
      i) $A \rightarrow B$
         $B \rightarrow C$
         $C \rightarrow -D/\therefore A \leftrightarrow D$
      ii) $(A \& B)$ C
          $-A \ D/\therefore \ B \rightarrow (CUD)$
   c) What is revelation ? Is it opposed to reason ?
   d) Discuss in brief the concept of religion with reference to Vivekananda and Rabindranath.

Section - III

6. Answer any Five of the following : 2x5=10
   a) What is the truth function ?
   b) What is informity of nature ?
   c) What is a deductive argument Invalid ?
   d) What is the sufficient condition of a cause ?
   e) What is truth tree a decision procedure ?
   f) What is the doctrine of trinity ?
   g) What id nirban ?
   h) What is Totemism ?
   i) What id Monotheism ?
   j) What is the relation between religion and philosophy religion ?

FALAKATA COLLEGE

Test Examination - 2017-18   Time : 4 Hrs.

Class : BA   Subject : Philosophy (Hons)   F. M. : 100

Paper : VII + VIII   Part - III

Group - A
Section - I

1. Answer any one of the following :   20x1=20

   a) What is meant by 'Community'? What are its characteristics? Explain its basis following Maciver and page. Is monastery a community ? Discuss.

   b) What do you mean by euthanasia ? Distinguish among voluntary, involuntary and non-voluntary euthanasia. Is euthanasia ethically supportable ?

   c) What are the various uses of the term 'good' ? How would you distinguish the moral use from the non moral use of the term 'good' ? Outline the nature of good life following franking.

Section - II

2. Answer any two of the following :   2x10=20

   a) Explain the relation between liberty and equality.

   b) What do you mean by religious discrimination ? State the arguments for and against religious discrimination.

   c) What are the problems faced by the women after divorce ?

   d) Write a note on the problem of ecology at the present time.

Section - III

3. Answer any five of the following :   5x2=10

   a) Is marriage a contract ?

   b) What is feminism ?

   c) Define practical ethics after peter Singer.

   d) What is human right ?

   e) Is suicide a moral crime according to Kant ?

   f) What is humanism ?

   g) What is meant by the term 'Secular' ?

   h) Write an argument of the feminist for abortion.

Group - B
Section - I

4. Answer any one of the following :   20x1=20

   a) Discuss the third person account of consciousness. What are its merits and demerits ?

b) Explain, after Sheffer, the concept of an afterlife. Is there any evidence in favour of disembodied Survival ? Discuss.

c) Is a person a body or a mind with a body ? Answer this question with reference to Straw son.

Section - II

5. Answer any two of the following : 2x10=20

a) Explain, following Sheffer, the nature and scope of Philosophy of Mind.

b) Write a note on the first person account of consciousness.

c) Discuss about the goals as the explanation of actions.

d) Write a note on the thesis of intentionality.

Section - III

6. Answer any five of the following : 5x2=10

a) What is interactionism ?

b) What is the double aspect theory ?

c) Name the basic faculties of Mind.

d) What is the contextual account of action ?

e) What is 'beetle - in - the box objection ?

f) What is panpsychism ?

g) What is private ostensive definition ?

h) What is methodological behaviourism ?