



UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL
B.A. Honours 2nd Semester Examination, 2019

CC3-PHILOSOPHY

WESTERN PHILOSOPHY-I

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.
All symbols are of usual significance.*

SECTION-I

1. Answer any *four* of the following: 3×4 = 12
- (a) Is Descartes' method of doubt provisional or final? 3
 - (b) What is monad? 3
 - (c) What is attribute according to Spinoza? 3
 - (d) What are different types of cause according to Aristotle? 3
 - (e) What is meant by Socratic method of knowledge? 3
 - (f) What is justice according to Plato? 3

SECTION-II

2. Answer any *four* of the following: 6×4 = 24
- (a) Distinguish between potentiality and actuality following Aristotle. 6
 - (b) Discuss Descartes' interactionism as a theory about mind-body relation. 6
 - (c) Discuss in brief Spinoza's notion of "Intellectual love of God". 6
 - (d) What are the "duties of guardian" as discussed in Plato's *Republic*? 6
 - (e) "Virtue is knowledge" — Who says this and why? 6
 - (f) What are "truths of fact" and "truths of reason" according to Leibnitz? 6

SECTION-III

3. Answer any *two* of the following: 12×2 = 24
- (a) Give a detailed account of Aristotle's doctrine of Form and Matter. 12
 - (b) Explain and examine Spinoza's conception of substance. 12
 - (c) How does Descartes arrive at his first principle "Cogito ergo sum"? Discuss. 12
 - (d) What are the three parts of soul according to Plato? How are they developed in different characters on which the structure of society is based? 4+8=12

—x—



UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL
B.A. Honours 2nd Semester Examination, 2019

CC4-PHILOSOPHY

ETHICS

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.
All symbols are of usual significance.*

SECTION-I

1. Answer any *four* of the following: 3×4 = 12
- (a) Give the definitions of ethics after Prof. Mackenzie. 3
- (b) What is meant by Statement of Value? Give example. 2+1=3
- (c) State the moral standard propounded by J. S. Mill. 3
- (d) What is *Triratna* according to Jainism? 3
- (e) What is the meaning of the Vedic *Rta*? 3
- (f) What do you mean by the Categorical Imperative? 3

SECTION-II

2. Answer any *four* of the following: 6×4 = 24
- (a) Explain the scope of ethics. 6
- (b) Explain freedom of will as postulate of morality. 6
- (c) Give a brief account of virtue ethics of Aristotle. 6
- (d) "Good will is good in itself" — Explain after Kant. 6
- (e) What are four ends of human life (Purusārthas)? Explain all of them. 6
- (f) Explain the object of moral judgement. 6

SECTION-III

3. Answer any *two* of the following: 12×2 = 24
- (a) How do you distinguish moral actions from non-moral actions? Describe the different types of non-moral actions. 6+6=12
- (b) Explain the eight-fold path of Buddhism. 12
- (c) What is utilitarianism? Explain Bentham's theory of Gross utilitarianism. 2+10=12
- (d) What are different theories of punishment? Explain and examine the Retributive theory of punishment. 2+10=12

—x—